Annual Report
2017-2018



NONGSTOIN SOCIAL SERVICE SOCIETY

TIEHSAW, NONGTOIN
WEST KHASI HILLS DISTRICT
MEGHALAYA – 793119
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NONGSTOIN SOCIAL SERVICE SOCIETY

Profile

Nongstoin Social Service Societies (NSSS) is founded in 2006 and was registered on 7th May 2007 under the Meghalaya Societies Registration Act 7, of 1990 with its registrar office at Nongstoin, Meghalaya India. NSSS is working for the uplift of the poor and the marginalized in the region. It aims to equip marginalized people and communities with the necessary skills and knowledge and enables them to obtain inclusive and sustainable development.

Our Vision: **"W**e envision a holistically developed Society where Justice, Peace and Love reign

Our Mission: **"O**ur Mission is to empower the people especially the vulnerable and marginalized section of the society by working in partnership with them.

NONGSTOIN SOCIAL SERVICE SOCIETY

Programmes

1. FARM Northeast
2. Community Based Rehabilitation
3. CHILDLINE
4. LEDP
5. SHPI
6. LIFE
7. MGNREGS (Social Audit)
8. Customer Service Point (CSP)
9. Team NSSS
10. Financial Statement

FARM Northeast II

Introduction: FARM Northeast II was officially started from August, 2016. It was sponsored by Caritas India, Zonal Office Guwahati. The project period is from August 16 to July, 19. The programme is implemented on the PLDA (People Led Development Approach) mode. The main objective of the programme is to revive and promote good traditional practices in socio economic, governance and health systems for greater self – reliance of the targeted community.

The programme is carried out by one Project Coordinator, One Part time accountant and four animators under the direct supervision of the Director and the Programme Manager of the Organization.

The programme is implemented in 16 villages of Nongstoin C & RD Block. The target beneficiaries are small and marginal farmers.

The target area

Sl. No	Village	Block	No. of families	Population
1.	Diengsyiang	Nongstoin C & RD Block	31	170
2.	Mawthawphet	Nongstoin C & RD Block	26	150
3.	Sohparu	Nongstoin C & RD Block	56	282
4.	Nongdiwah	Nongstoin C & RD Block	44	261
5.	Domkohsam	Nongstoin C & RD Block	76	408
6.	Marang	Nongstoin C & RD Block	59	375
7.	Sylleiiawkhein	Nongstoin C & RD Block	39	221
8.	Umjaru	Nongstoin C & RD Block	23	127
9.	Nongjyndiang	Nongstoin C & RD Block	30	130
10.	Mawlangdep	Nongstoin C & RD Block	170	1005
11.	Urkali	Nongstoin C & RD Block	42	274
12.	Risiang	Nongstoin C & RD Block	52	373
13.	Pyndengmynraw (Nongnunraw)	Nongstoin C & RD Block	19	93
14.	Kynlyngdoh	Nongstoin C & RD Block	15	63

15.	Mawlangriang	Nongstoin C & RD Block	52	310
16.	Nongrim Mawkhar	Nongstoin C & RD Block	47	262

Main Activities carried out during the reporting period.

1. **Regional Review meeting at NEDSSS, Guwahati from 24th to 29th April, 2017:** The presentation on the progress of FARM Northeast II Nongstoin unit was presented at the traditional medicinal school at Sohparu village was an example community initiative. regional level. During the discussion the PLD stories were shared accordingly.

2. **Orientation on the concept of organic farming and Village level awareness programm on bad effects of using fertilizers.** The programme was held at Mawthawphet on 7th June, 2017. Smt. B. Kharbani chaired the meeting. Mr. Brolius D Marbaniang was the resource person. The objective of the programme was to make the people aware on the benefits of organic farming and the disadvantages of Chemical farming. 19 participants attended the meeting. The response was satisfactory and people were ready to try out the organic farming.

3. **Identification of lead farmers and promotion of farmers' groups**
   These programs were conducted in all the 16 project villages and participated by around 643 farmers. In each village Lead farmers were identified. These farmers were the local resource persons in their respective village to conduct programs. For instance in Marang village, Mr. Wosling Syiemlieh, the identified lead farmer, helped other farmers on Squash Plantation, Poultry Farming, and Medicinal Gardens and in linking with KVK, Veterinary Department and with banking institutions.

4. **Promotion of Kitchen garden (Through land development):** The programme had been initiated to create proper kitchen garden through land development in the project area. The activity is a continuing process where constant monitoring is done. People started to develop their own organic kitchen garden. Presently every household have maintained kitchen garden. The produces from the kitchen garden is used for consumption purpose and the surplus products are sold in the market to earn their living.



5. **Identification and Promotion of traditional land development and pest management and other relevant agricultural practice i**n 16 villages from August 2017 to March 18th. The major traditional land development practices identified were terrace cultivation, Periphery banding and irrigation of the filed using canal or drainage system. The traditional pest management system identified is using pine needle in the paddy field, tobacco leaves, Langtana leaves and turmeric for various purposes to control the pest.

6. **Awareness on the importance of preservation of traditional seeds and the disadvantages of using Hybrid seeds:** The programme was conducted in all 16 project villages. The farmers together decided to use the traditional seeds as it is conducive to the local context. Sustainable agriculture has a better prospect with the local seeds as it is suitable to the area, and it can be preserved for further use. Those seeds can survive without using the synthetic chemicals.

7. **Promotion of livestock management with respect to local breeds for commercialization**

The programme was conducted at Marang village on 6th March, 2018 attended by 26 participants. Mr. Richmon Jerry Syiemiingbah was the facilitator of the meeting. Mr. Wosly Syiemlieh, the entrepreneur of local chicken in the village, shared his experience on the management of local breed. He stated that "if properly managed and more time is dedicated to the work then rearing local chicken is one of the prosperous businesses today".



Hands' On Training of farmers by local resource persons (Farmers) on different sustainable low cost agricultural practices (Multi-cropping, integrated pest

management, traditional pest control measures, traditional insect traps, Composting etc.)

The programme was conducted on 20th December, 2017 at Pyndengmynraw and 21st December, 2017 at Mawlangriang. The resource person was Mr. G Marwein lead farmer of Sohparu village.

Objectives: To highlight to the farmers on the importance of seed preservation and composting.

Methodology: Lecture cum open discussion

The resource person briefly explained the benefits of seed preservation for better production. He stressed on the following points:-

- Traditional seeds are best suitable for the place.
- Balance production
- More resistance to pest
- Ways of preserving seeds.

At the end of the programme, the feedback from the participants explained the learning they gained from this programme.

8. **Strengthening the village level institutions and promotion of gender balance in decision making**

Pyndengmynraw was the village that the programme had been conducted on 18th December, 2018. Mr. Nestorius Nongkseh facilitated the meeting. It was attended by 48 people. Highlighting the need to strengthen the village council and promotion of gender balance in decision making body was discussed by Mr. B. D. Marbaniang. After spending a lot of time on this topic they came up with the decision that women will be included in the village council and can actively participate in its proceedings.

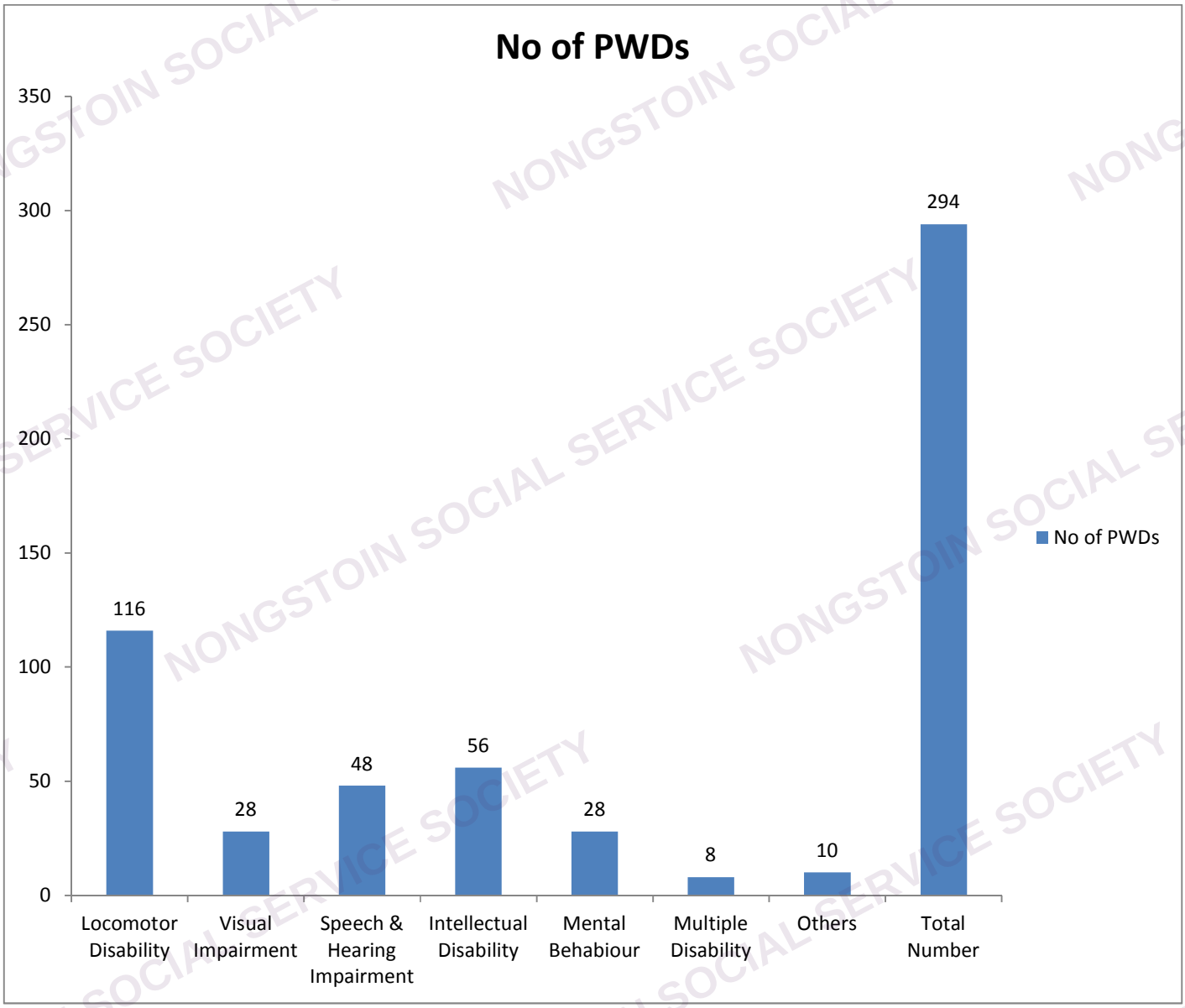
9. **Initiation of village level community actions as per village level micro plans:**

Initiation of village level micro plan had been carried out in various villages. In Kenlyngdoh the broken bridge and the approach road to the river has been repaired by the community. At Mawlangriang to overcome the water crisis the people went searching for a water source in the forest and found a small source. They cleaned up the area and made a collection tank and connected pipes and now the water comes to their village. At Pyndenmynraw the community developed a herbal garden for their use. And at Sopharu training is given on mushroom cultivation and many families are cultivating mushroom and earning their living. Three days of training on agriculture and related activities had been carried out at Urkali.

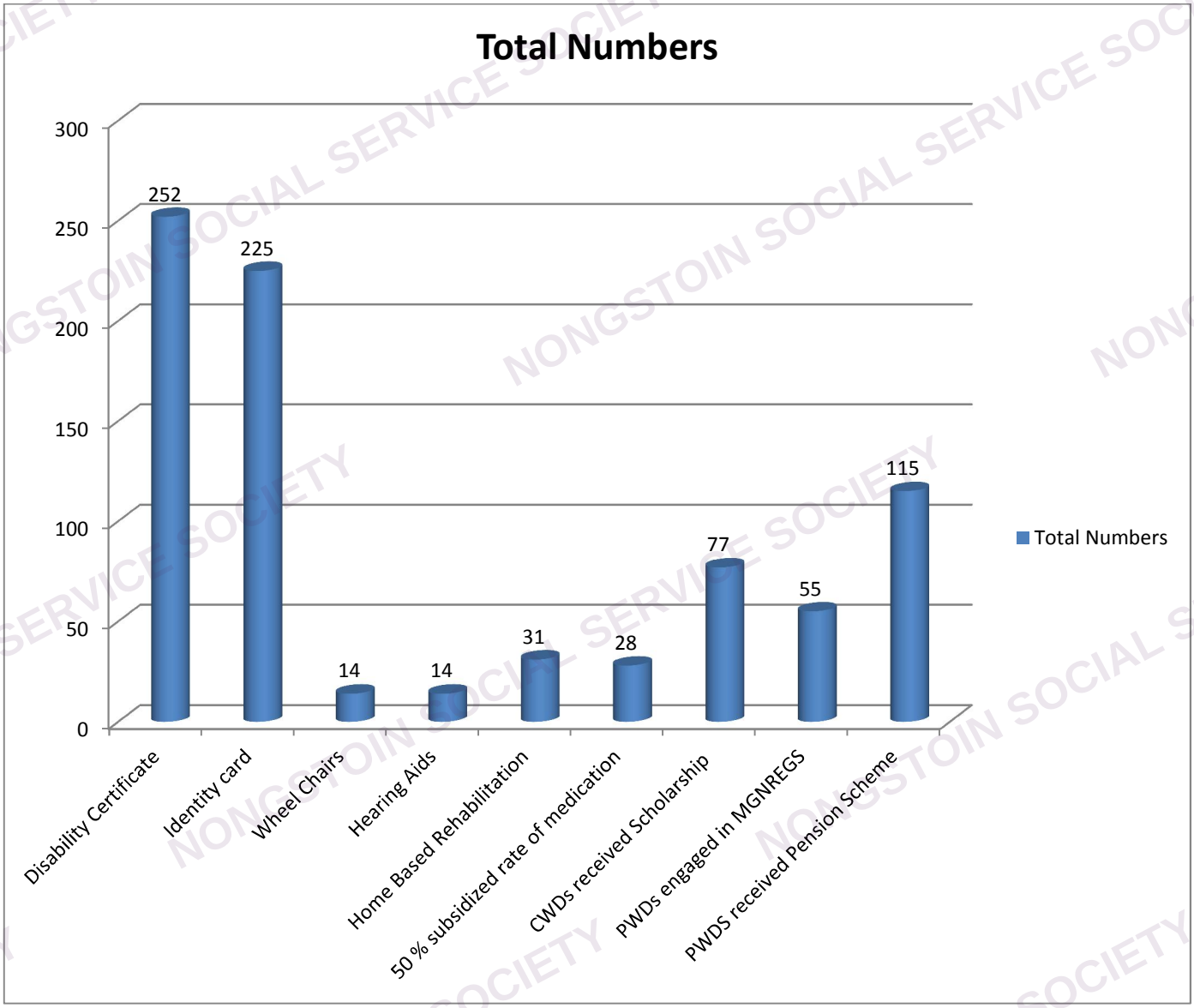
The follow up of the activities carried out, were linking the project villages with resource Organisations, regular field visits and regular interface meetings with farmers on a monthly basis throughout the reporting period.

COMMUNITY BASED REHABILITATION PROGRAMME (CBR)

General Data: Total Number of Persons with Disability in 30 Villages (28 villages under Nongstoin C&RD Block and 2 Villages under Mawthadraishan Block)



Number of Persons with Disability avail government Grants and Schemes:



A. <u>Area of Staffing and Management:</u>

- **Coordinator and Programme Manager of NSSS attended the 2 days Partners meeting held on 6th -7th June 2017 at NEDSS-Guwahati. Major learnings are** Sustainability of the programme through the support group like Mothers group, Children's club/group.
- Different kind of schemes for PWDs in different state of Northeast.
- **Need Based Training:** was conducted at NSSS and field visit was conducted on 27th June – to 1st July 2017

facilitated by Miss Kerlinda War from Bethany Society Shillong. The CBR Staffs have gained more knowledge, skills to do Home Based Intervention and to strengthen Disable People's Organization

1. **Samarthya Events:**

Coordinator Shri Adventure Behphat and One PWD-Mr. Honestson Nongsiej BDPO leader participated in the 2 days Samarthya event in New-Delhi on 6th -7th December 2017. The event is basically to facilitate, motivate and empower PWDs by giving them award for their achievements in life and being able to support themselves through livelihood activities. It is also to bring awareness on the inclusion and Rights of persons with disability through seminar, role play, drawing competition, singing and dancing competition and street plays organized by college students, schools student from New Delhi and NGOs from different states

B. Area of Health:

I. Baby Show Programme:

Objective: The major objective of the programme is to sensitize to all the mothers and the pregnant mothers on the importance of immunization, proper nutrition and weight maintenance of the baby in 15 villages during this financial year. From this programme they became aware of the points below:-

- The pregnant mothers should ensure to plan for their baby's immunization
- To make sure that the vaccine is necessary to protect the child from communicable diseases during the first few months of life like BCG, Hepatitis B, and Polio.
- Immunization can save your family the time and money.
- Every dose of vaccine is important because they can protect against the infectious diseases.
- Delaying in vaccination can put children at risk later in life.

One PWD was referred for corrective surgery at NEIGHRIM Hospitals Shillong during reporting period and 30 Persons with Mental Illness (PWMI) have received 50 % of subsidies rate of medicine supported by HANS Foundation through Bethany Society-Shillong

This project ended on 31st March 2018.

II. Community Mental Health

- We arranged four programmes for people with Mental Health in collaboration with San-Ker Hospitals Shillong supported by HANS Foundation were conducted at NSSS hall. They had free check-up through this programme; most of the Persons with Mental Illness are getting regular check-up in Nongstoin especially the poor families.

C. Area of Education

1. Follow up meeting with the head of educational institutions and school management committee:

10 schools in different villages under Nongstoin C&RD Block are sensitized on inclusion of CWDs in schools. The main objective is to educate the School teachers, ASHAs and the students the importance of inclusion of CWDs in the school as well as participation in all the school activities. To ensure the promotion, inclusion, acceptance among the students/peers/teachers/community and to avoid discrimination of the CWSs.

Follow up on Home Based Education of CWDs

10 CWDs were able to identify different pictures, parts of body, alphabets and colouring and they are improving in their loco Moto development.

2. Organized Skill Competition for CWDs:

It was held on 30th November 2017 at Diocesan Hall Nongstoin, and there were fifty (50) participants (Children with Disability) for the event. The District Social Welfare Officer was the chief guest. The aim and Objective of the competition was to inspire and encourage the PWDs to exhibit their creative expression and to ensure that PWDS have the

Strengthening Children's Clubs:

Eight Children's Clubs were formed Viz, Mawrusyiar, Domkohsam, Siejlieh, Jaidoh, Lawse, Rympei Bashai and Urkali. Regular follow up was done from the CBRW. The main motive was to create and make the peer group understand the aspect of inclusion, remove discrimination and improve acceptance in the group and encourage their peers to help them when needed. Further, Children's clubs should act as the main forum to address the issues and problems faced by children with disability. The children's club should help not only in academic area but also as the barrier breaker to the CWDs

D. Area of Livelihood

Facilitate active DPOs for linkages with different departments

a) 41% (10/24) VDPOs have received grants (seeds, poultry, fruits seedling) from IWMP and Agriculture department during the Financial Year April 2017-March 2018

Facilitate Eligible PWDs to avail Social Security Scheme

b) 2 newly identified PW Ds have been avail to CMPS during the reporting period

E. Area of Social

I. Meeting with Village councils

- Organized10 meetings/awareness programs with the Village Councils to sensitize on practicing of non- discrimination, of CWDs/PWDs and to ensure equal participation in social events and in livelihood activities.

F. Area of Empowerment

a. Capacity building for Disable People's Organizations

- Three DPO leaders have received the skills and knowledge to be capable leaders from the Training of Trainers training conducted by the District Disable People Organization at Wellspring-Mairang.

b. 40 VDPOs leaders have received the capacity building (TOT) at NSSS facilitated by the CBR on 30th June to 1st July 2017 on concept of Disable People's Organization, Savings and strong net-working.

c. Observation of World Disability Day:

It was organized on 1st December 2017 at Nongstoin Diocesan Hall in collaboration with District Social Welfare Office-Nongstoin. The main Theme: "Transformation towards sustainability and resilient society for all". Around 450 participants were present in the program and Shri.D Jyndiang Local MLA Nogstoin was the Chief Guest for the day. Besides, some Officials from ICDS, Nongstoin C&RD Block, ICPS, SSA, DMHO and headman of different villages were present. All Persons with Disability were happy and some of them received mementoes for achievement in different field like Social, Empowerment and livelihood activities to encourage other PWDs so that they can also come up in life and lead an independent life.

CHILDLINE IN BRIEF:

CHILDLINE is a national, 24 x 7 hour, free, emergency phone and outreach service for children in need of care and protection linking them to long term rehabilitation. Any child or concerned adult can call 1098 to access the CHILDLINE service any time day and night.

CHILDLINE works with marginalised children from various places. This includes

- Street Children
- Abused Children
- Addicted Children
- Mentally ill children
- Child labor
- Children in conflict with law
- Children affected by disaster
- HIV/AIDS infected and affected Children
- Differently abled children

Vision

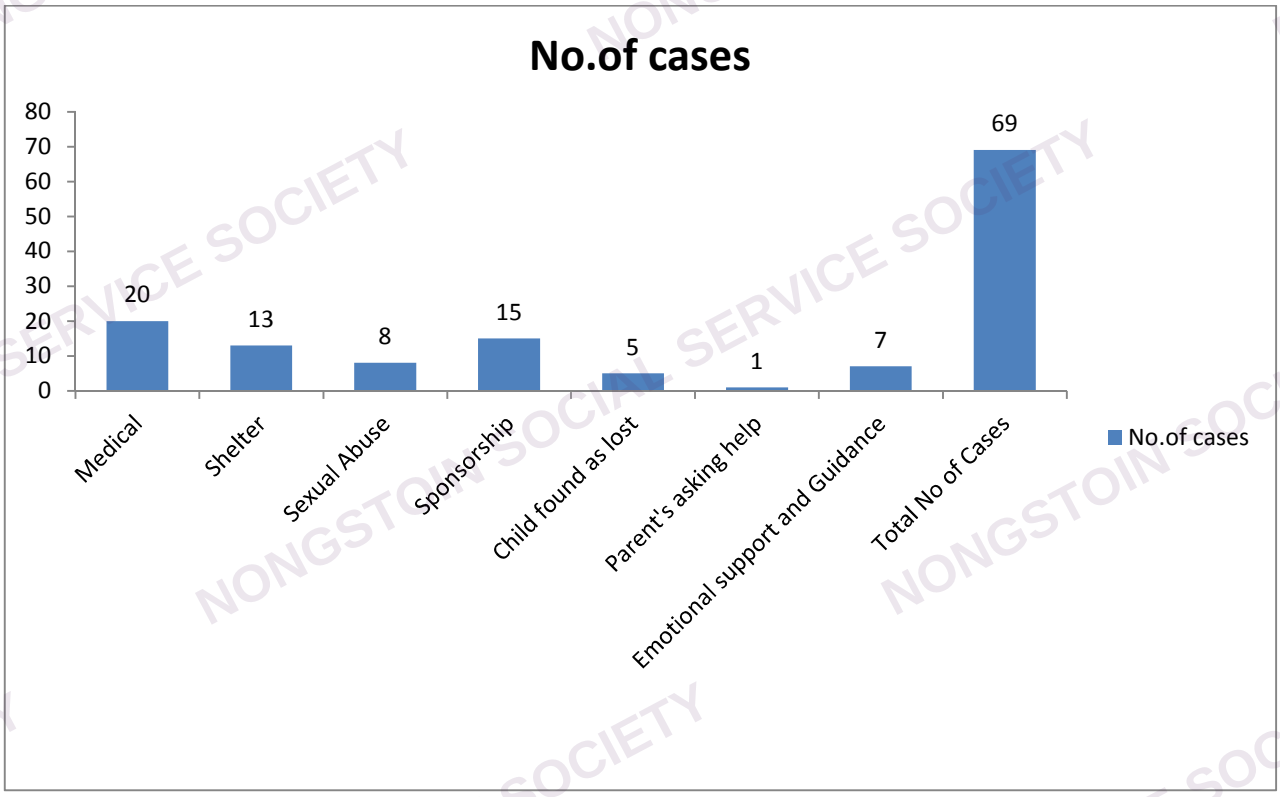
A child friendly nation that guarantees the right and protection of all children

a) Brief Introduction of CHILDLINE Nongstoin West Khasi Hills District:

CHILDLINE in Nongstoin started operating from March 2015 and it covers West Khasi Hills and South West KhasiHills.

The CHILDLINE India Foundation (CIF) service established by the Government of India in May, 1999.CIF also functions as a national centre for awareness, advocacy and training on issues related to child protection.

1. Case Intervention during Financial year 2017-2018



2. Number of Weekly Meetings held with team members: 20

Issues discussed:

a) During the weekly meeting the team members discussed the regular agendas like; case intervention, the achievements and challenges faced by the team members, phone testing, outreach and open house activities.
b) Evaluation of team members.
c) Action plan, review and follow up
d) Discussion on issues came up during outreach programme.
e) Administration, discussion on CHILDLINE resources

3. Number of Awareness programs conducted: 14



The main focus of the awareness program is to share about the objectives of Child line that is to reach out and create awareness in the community to protect and safe guard the children by the use of the National Toll free number 1098 for any kind of emergency service as mentioned above. There are many drop out cases and child marriage is another issue in the village. Children are made to work when they are small to contribute to the family income. Therefore awareness programme is done in schools as well as in the community.

Target Group	No. contacted	Nature of outreach	Number of programmes
PCO owners			
Railway station			
Bus stops	267	Individuals, Group, distribution of pamphlets	18
Shelter children		Individuals, Group, distribution of pamphlets	

Cinema halls			
Parks			
Tourist places			
Religious places		Group, sensitization of distribution of pamphlets	
Schools	1951	Individuals, Group, sensitization of distribution of pamphlets	41
Slums			
Others	3745	Individual & group, Posters, distribution of pamphlets.	234

5) Number of Open house programmes held: 12

Issues and problems mentioned by the children during open house:

a) Children with substance abuse.

b) Children with physically challenge.

c) Early Marriage.

d) Drop out due to Poverty.

e) Poor Health.

f) Cleanliness.

Case Type: Physical Health
Case I.D 130804

Background of the child: Onesius Thongni is a child of seven years old. He is the son of Shri. Thrangkupar Lyngkhoi 29 years (separate) and smt Medalin Thongni 27 years he is the second of four siblings and studying at R.C.L.P.school Marshan Nongrim.They are from Nongstoin Block. His parents were separated in 2016.

The child was getting sick all the time He was depressed and sad. The mother could not treat him due to financial problems. The mother being a single parent and living in the remote area of Nongstoin Block remained silent and the child became very serious. Seeing this situation one of his friends from the village contacted the CHILDLINE

CHILDLINE received the information through the phone call bearing the Number 9485048227 at 6:59 pm.

CHIDLLINE Intervention: As soon as the staff received the information the CHILDLINE went for fact findings and found that the mother being the single parent she could hardly provide her children even their basic necessities. They were staying with the grandmother because the house which they were

staying collapsed. Seeing the condition of the family, the CHILDLINE team took the child along with his mother to Civil Hospital Nongstoin for check-up.

On the 3rd July 2017 the Doctor said that child needed an operation, the mother of the child agreed for the operation. After one week of treatment and observation that is on 12th July 2017 the doctors fixed the date on 12th July 2017 for the operation. But the child was very weak and not able to go through the operation. Due to the health condition of the child the doctors postpone the date of operation. And on **26th July** the child was operated successfully.

CHILDLINE Impact:

After a week the follow up was done by the team member and it is found that the child was, recovering. The mother of the child appreciated the intervention of CHILDLINE and the help her son received..

LIVELIHOOD&ENTERPRISE DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMME (LEDP)

The Livelihood and Enterprise Development Programme is implemented in 11 villages of Mawshynrut C & RD Block of West Khasi Hills District. The target groups are the SHG members covering two MRB branches of Riangdo and Seinduli. There are 150 SHG members under the programme.

The programme was officially launched on 19th April, 2017 at the Durbar Hall of Riangdo village. It was inagurated by Most Rev. Dominic Jala the chairman of NSSS in the presence of DDM NABARD, Senior Scientist KVK, BDO Mawshynrut Block, Branch Manager of MRB Riangdo, Veterinary Officer Mawshynrut Block, Lead District Manager SBI West Khasi Hills District and the SHG members along with representatives of Riangdo village council.

Training

The main focus of the programme was Poultry Farming. The SHG members were provided with training on Intensive Poultry Farming. The training was conducted in 5 batches of 7 days each. The details of the training are as follows:

Sl. No	Venue	Date	No. of participants
1.	Riangdo Durbar Hall	12th – 20 June, 2017	30
2.	SGSY Training Hall, Riangdo	3rd – 11th July, 2017	28
3.	Seinduli Durbar Hall	21st – 29th August, 2017	30
4.	Mawterang Durbar hall	23rd – 30th October, 2017	38
5.	Riangdo Durbar hall	8th – 15th January, 2018	24
		Total	150

The technical agency for the training was the KVK West Khasi Hills District Nongshillong. The training was facilitated by the Junior Scientist of KVK in charge of veterinary section and the Veterinary Officer Mawshynrut C & RD Block



Bank linkage

Another focus of the programme was to enable the SHG members to access the formal credit linkage from Banks. Effort had been made to guide and handhold the SHGs to get credit link from the Banks. Till date the following SHGs have been able to credit link with the Bank.

Sl. No	Name of the SHG	Address	Name of the financing Bank branch	Activity	Loan Amount
1.	Synroplang	Riangdo	MRB Riangdo	Poultry	2.00 lakhs
2.	Skhemlang	Riangdo	MRB Riangdo	Poultry	2.00 lakhs
3.	Shipara	Tum Tum	MRB Seinduli	Poultry	2.00 lakhs
4.	Kunaibankyrhai	Umdein	MRB Riangdo	Poultry	2.00 lakhs
5.	Teilang	Banglapluh	MRB Riangdo	Poultry	2.00 lakhs
6.	Pynhunlang	Mawtynrong	MRB Riangdo	Poultry	2.00 lakhs

Poultry Farming

The SHG members had started the poultry in their own backyard. They carried out their poultry farming individually. Though the individual benefit from the activity is yet to be collected but as a group it was reported that there has been a lot of profit and savings.

1. Synroplang SHG Riangdo informed that their members had sold out the first and second batches poultry earning a profit of Rs. 30,000/- as a whole.
2. Skhemlang SHG Riangdo had earned a profit of Rs. 20,000/- in harvesting the First batch of poultry.
3. Pynhunlang SHG had completed shed construction and by April 2018 they will start their poultry farming.
4. Shipara SHG had completed shed construction and by April 2018 they will start their poultry farming

The SHGs under this program earn a good amount from the poultry farming and they believe that this can change their economic situation.
A demonstration unit of the project had been constructed at the place of Skhemlang SHG, Riangdo using tin roof but the same had been destroyed by hail storm in the month of April, 2018. Later the SHG members rebuilt the shed and using it for demonstration purpose.

Self Help Group Promoting Institution (SHPI):

The programme is supported by National Bank for Agriculture and Rural Development (NABARD) and implemented in four Blocks of West Khasi Hills District. The program started since April, 2012. The target is formation and promotion of 100 SHGs in the District.

The objectives are:

- Formation of Self Help Groups (SHGs).
- Saving link of SHGs with bank.
- Credit link of SHGs with bank.
- Encourage them promptly to repay the loan taken.

Major achievements:

- ✓ Credit linkage of 29 SHGs with various bank branches in the district.
- ✓ Conducting of 8 capacity building on Book Keeping for SHG members
- ✓ The saving of the group is about Rs. 27.01 Lakhs, Inter-Loaning amongst the members amounting to Rs. 19.20 Lakhs and Bank Credit of Rs 19.34 Lakhs and repayment was completed up to 92%.
- ✓ With the support of the Inter-loaning and Bank Credit the group members started Poultry, grocery shop, ginger cultivation, banana cultivation and other such activities and this helped the SHG members to earn more income. There is an upward mobility among the SHGs.

Book Keeping Training for SHG's Members:

The training on book keeping for SHG Members under SHPI was conducted in four C& RD Blocks of West Khasi Hills District, Meghalaya with the aim to improve their record keeping system. Along with maintaining records they also learn to be accountable and transparent in the Group. The resource persons for the training were the District Development Manager, NABARD, Shri. K. Paliar, Block Coordinator, NSSS and Shri. B. D. Marbaniang, Project Coordinator, NSSS.

Major Achievements:

- People became aware of the importance and benefits of the bank linkages and have a clear understanding of different Schemes of the Government
- 26 Saving Accounts were opened soon after the Program
- The Forms for social security schemes were distributed to the eligible participants.

Facilitation of Social Audit under MGNREGS:

The Nongstoin Social Audit Facilitator conducted the social audit meeting at Village Employment Council level. The findings derived from VECs public meeting along with observations were presented in the Social Audit Forum meeting which was held at the cluster level. The people in the communities appreciated the involvement of MGNREGS in the development of the villages besides creating job opportunity for the rural poor.

No of Social Audits conducted in this reporting period: 2017- 2018

Sl. No	Name of the Block	Name of the District	No. of VECs covered
1.	Nongstoin	West Khasi Hills	412
2.	Mawshynrut	West Khasi Hills	398
3.	Mawkyrwat	South West Khasi Hills	365
4.	Ranikor	South West Khasi Hills	401

Customer Service Point (CSP)

Objective: To help the rural people to link with the bank and to impart awareness on various schemes and programs that are available from the bank for developmental purpose.

No. of CSPs: 4 (Rangblang, Maweit, Risiang and umdohlung)

This program is sponsored by Meghalaya rural bank (MRB) and started in December 2016.

ANNUAL REPORT OF LIFE PROJECT

MAWTHADRAISHAN BLOCK

2017-2018

Name of the NGO: Nongstoin Social Service Society (NSSS)

C&RD Block: Mawthadraishan Block

Date of signing of MoU: The MOU for implementation of the Meghalaya Sponsored project " Livelihood intervention and facilitating Entrepreneurship" (LIFE) in the identified non intensive block is entered into agreement on **18th July 2017** and made effective from 1st day of July 2017. It is funded by the **Meghalaya State Rural Livelihood Society (MSRLS).**

Implementation Structure _ Staff engaged in programme and CV

Sl.no	Name	Designation	Circle
1	Smt. ShidalinSangriang	Block Coordinator	
2	Shri. KramshonPaliar	Block Coordinator	
3	Shri. DasuklangNongsiej	Community Volunteer	Myriaw
4	Shri. Tiewborbadamut	Community Volunteer	Mawkamoit
5	Smt. Rosina	Community Volunteer	Mawlangsu
6	Shri. VikromKharbani	Community Volunteer	Pariiong
7	Smt. HilarisMyrthong	Community Volunteer	Laitkseh
8	Smt. RakheltyNongsiej	Community Volunteer	Tyllang
9	Smt. LikyMerySohshang	Community Volunteer	Marngor
10	Smt. Happiness Wahlang	Community Volunteer	Lawbyrtun
11	Smt. DarihunSyiemlieh	Community Volunteer	Mawiawet

Progress Report/ achievement till 30th July.2018

Sl. No	Activity	Target per month per Block	Annual Target/ Block	Achievement as on 31st march 2018
1	Village entered		100	**100**
2	Formation of SHG	40 SHGs	280 SHGs	224
3	Opening of Bank accountfor SHG	32 SHGs	224 SHGs	80
4	Attending SHG weekly meeting only in first three months	2 SHG per CV per month		200
5	Training on SHG concept seeding	40 SHGs	280 SHGs	**190**

6	Training on Basic Bookkeeping for Book keepers (2 person/ SHG)	36 SHGs	252 SHGs	**190**
7	Training on Detail Book Keeping for Book keepers	36 SHGs	252 SHGs	**200**
8	Training of membership for SHGs	24 SHGs	168 SHGs	**190**
9	Auditing of Revived SHGs	16 SHGs	112 SHGs	21
10	Conducting Grading for 6 months old SHg and proposed for fund release	22-23 SHGs	112 SHGs	0
11	Conducting Training on MCP Plan for initiating bank credit linkage	14 SHGs	70 SHGs	0
12	Bank credit linkage	12 SHGs	60 SHGs	0

Meeting/ workshop conducted

Sl.no	Type of Meeting/workshop
1	Orientation on LIFE project for the BC and the community volunteer
2	Monthly meeting for CVs (once a month)
3	Capacity building for the CVs (Once a month)
4	Workshop on mobilizing of SHG through VEC (twice)

Number, of SHG revived or promoted

Particulars	**No. of Revived SHG**	**No. of New SHG**	**No. of vulnerable SHG**	**Total SHG formed**	**Cumulative achievement**
Male	**3**	**39**	**5**	**42**	**224**
Female	**18**	**159**		**177**	

Number of Male SHG promoted and report submitted as per prescribed format: 42

SUCCESSES STORY

Iakyrshanlang a Model SHG of Shohphria.

"SHG has taught me to work with various Departments" says Smt. Risful Marngar a loving mother of Six children. She hails from Shohphria Village located in Mawthadraishan Block, West Khasi Hills District, Meghalaya. Her entire family depends on agriculture for their livelihood. She found very hard to run the family with a meagre income from agriculture. Initially she adopted the livelihood activities by planting seasonal crops such as Maize, Paddy, Potatoes and other cash crops. She had neither idea on other income generation activities nor information on various Govt. Departments in the area.

In 2003 she started the SHG group Iakyrshanlan Shohphria, consisting of 10 members promoted by SGSY. On forming the group she was called for vermin compose training organised by Bosco Reach out (BRO). Since then she started practicing vermin-compose (on the year 2003). She along with the other group members generated a good quantity of Vermin compose. In a year she could produce more than 3000 kilogram of vermin composes, she sold it at the rate of 8 to 10 Rupees per kilogram. The annual income from vermin compose is 34,000 Rupees. Nonetheless, she had also participated in various exhibitions at the state level as well as National level.

In the year 2007 she received training from Sericulture Department on silkworm rearing. She then started planting plenty of Mulberry plants in her own garden to feed the silkworm. She received silkworm seedlings from Sericulture Department. She started rearing silkworm ('Rusom' and 'Ryndia') as one of her income generation activities. At present she supplies 12 kgs and above of 'Rusom'every 18 days costing 300 Rupees per/kg. Therefore from the 'Rusom' she got a profit around 3,600 Rupees every month. She also sells the 'Ryndia' which takes around 1 month duration to grow. From this she could gain income of 3,600 Rupees per month. Her job is to grow them and sells it to the Sericulture Department. The Department provide Seedlings for continuation. This activity has indeed flourished the family income of Smt Marngar.

She also practices mushroom cultivation in her own compound. She generates minimum 1 kg of mushroom per weak costing 300 per kg.

In the year 2017 the group started nursery plantation with the help of BASIN Department. They planted varieties of Fruits, Timbers, and Vegetables in 100sq/m plot of land. Each plant cost 15-20 Rupees. Other than this she also took up other livelihood activities such as Poultry farming, Pigs Rearing, Fishery, organic farming, Organic composer by converging with the Krishi Vigyan Kendra (KVK).

LIFE NONGSTOIN AND RANIKOR BLOCKs

In Nongstoin Block 100 villages covered under LIFE project. The Objectives of the project is to create a readiness of the SHGs and other higher level federations for quick and quality adoption under NRLM during its course of implementation, thrust will is given to the following points:-

- Capacity building of the Block level staff.
- Engagement of VEC women functionaries and community resource persons in social mobilization and capacity building.

- Capacity building of the existing SHGs.
- Reviving/ reorganizing of SHGs and formation of new groups.
- Facilitating Revolving fund and interest subvention to deserving SHGs.
- Facilitating SHG bank linkage.
- Skill training through convergence.

Target groups.

- **Marginalized groups.**
- **Tribal population.**
- **Women**
- **Job card holders.**

A Total number of 100 villages from 10 GS Circle have been identified with the help of the Block Development Office, Nongstoin.

Interventions:-

- **Collection of preliminary baseline information: With the supervision from the C&RD Block staff the CVs were able to collect preliminary baseline information on the traditional Institutions, the SHGs and CBOs existing in the project villages, the facilities and the livelihoods practice with necessary information as per the format.**
- **Social Mobilization and Social Mapping; Mobilizing Women functionaries from the existing VEC and their secretary and and other village functionaries like ASHA/Anganwadi worker to assist the Block team in social mobilization and SHG formation& training using PIP(participatory Identification of the poor)and PRA(participatory rural appraisal)tool where the poor and vulnerable households, the households under NREGA are then mobilized into SHGs formation.**

- **Reviving/ reorganizing the existing SHGs by following the revival policy developed by the SRLM and form new SHGs where special focus on inclusion of differently abled and widows are looked in to.**

- **Identify the eligible functioning SHGs which have been graded and not received revolving fund. The NGO/ agency should facilitate release of funds to those SHGs which has the fund up to a minimum of Rs. 15,000/-**

- **Conducting grading to the SHGs which are 3 months and above.**

- **Hand holding support to SHGs through follow up and monitoring in the beginning stage of formation.**

- **Assisting the new SHGs in opening of bank account**
- **To capacitate the SHGs on concept seeding, book keeping and membership training.**

- **Skill training through convergence with other line department's like EFC Centre of IBDLP, livestock mission etc.to the SHGs which have initiated livelihoods activities through internal lending.**

- **Monthly and Quarterly Review meeting to ensure progress of the project.**

Reporting Cycle:

Monthly report: Base documents/report of activities carried out during the month and it is submitted during the monthly meeting Later on these reports are analysed, evaluated and compiled at Block level and send monthly bases to MSLRS.

MIS: Data entry of information from base documents in to the system.

Annually: Compiled monthly report was prepared.

Major activities achieved (Budgeted activities) with effect from July 2017 to July 2018.

Out comes as per target VS achievement.

Meeting/ Workshop conducted: Besides, various activities carried out, the coordinators conduct monthly planning and monthly review meeting at the Block level where the CVs as well as the representative from the block level participated. Besides this the CVs were given capacity building training every month. These are enumerated below.

Sno	Activity	Target	Achievement
1	Village entered	100	120
2	Formation of SHG	280	208
3	Opening of bank account	280	107
4	No. of revived SHGs	-	14
5	Auditing of revived SHGs	-	14
6	No. of female SHGs registered in MIS	147	147
7	No. of male SHGs entered in MIS	61	61
8	Training on Concept Seeding	280	205
9	Training on Basic Book Keeping	280	205
10	Training on detailed Book Keeping	280	200
11	Training on SHG membership	280	188
12	No. of SHG receiving RF	208	69
13	Grading for SHGs above 6 months	-	80

Impact of the project.

- **SHG formation in villages enabled the community to understand and work together.**
- **It helps the SHGs to take collective decisions and adhering to the decisions.**
- **Promotes savings and builds up own funds within the SHG.**
- **Learnt to create fund within the group by internal lending.**
- **Helps the people to know more about the rights and entitlements.**
- **Enables the SHGs to have linkage with the banks as well as the different Government Organizations.**

Human Resource of NSSS

S.No	Designation	Female	Male	Total
1	Director		1	1
2	Programme Manager	1		1
3	Project Coordinator	4	11	15
4	Field Staff	20	32	52
5	Accountant		1	1
6	Driver		1	1
	Total No. of Staff	25	46	71

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